Cora

Designed by the Berroco Design Team

skill level: Easy

finished measurements
Bust – 60 (64, 68, 72, 76, 80)"
Length – 24 (24, 25, 25½, 26½, 27)"
Shown in Size 68".
Note: This garment was designed to be very oversized and drapey. Please take this into consideration when selecting your size. If you do not want as much fullness as shown in photo, make a smaller size.

yarn
BERROCO QUECHUA (50 grs): 7 (7, 8, 9, 9, 10) hanks #1354 Palace

needles and notions
29" circular needle, size 6 (4.00 mm)
or size to obtain gauge
1 stitch marker
Waste yarn to hold stitches

gauge
24 sts and 30 rows = 4" in St st
To save time and ensure accurate measurements, take time to check gauge

Berroco Quechua®

Find this Yarn

NOTE
This garment is made in one piece, worked from side to side.

CAFTAN
Using long-tail method, cast on 288 (288, 300, 306, 318, 324) sts. Do not join.

Set-Up Row (WS): P144 (144, 150, 153, 159, 162), pm, purl to end.

Pattern Stitch: Row 1 (RS): Sl 1 knitwise wyib, [k1, p1] twice, knit to last 5 sts, slipping marker, [p1, k1] twice, k1.

Row 2: Sl 1 purlwise wyif, [k1, p1] twice, purl to last 5 sts, slipping marker, [p1, k1] twice, p1. Work even in pattern as established until piece measures 11 (12, 13, 14, 15, 16)" from beginning, end on WS.

Divide for Neck: Next Row (RS): Work to marker, slip remaining sts to waste yarn for back—144 (144, 150, 153, 159, 162) sts. Turn.

Note: From here, continue to work in pattern as established over 5 sts at beginning of RS rows and at end of WS rows. Work remaining sts in St st.

Front: Shape Neck: Row 1 (WS): Bind off 14 sts, work to end—130(130, 136, 139, 145, 148) sts.

Row 2: Work even.

Row 3: Rep Row 1—116 (116, 122, 125, 131, 134) sts.

Dec Row (RS): Work to last 4 sts , k2tog, k2—1 st dec'd.

Rep Dec Row every RS row 7 times more—108 (108, 114, 117, 123, 126) sts. Work even for 3", end on WS.

Inc Row (RS): Work to last 2 sts, M1, k2—1 st inc'd. Rep Inc Row every RS row 7 times more, end on RS—116 (116, 122, 125, 131, 134) sts. Cast on 14 sts at beginning of the next 2 WS rows, end on WS—144 (144, 150, 153, 159, 162) sts. Slip these sts to another piece of waste yarn.

Back: With RS facing, slip 144 (144, 150, 153, 159, 162) sts from first piece of waste yarn to circular needle. Join yarn.

Note: From here, continue to work 5 sts at end of RS rows and at beginning of WS rows in pattern as established. Work remaining sts in St st.

Shape Neck: Dec Row (RS): K2, SSK, work to end—1 st dec'd.

Rep Dec Row 3 times more—140 (140, 146, 149, 155, 158) sts. Work even until neck measures approximately 6¾", end on WS.

Inc Row (RS): K2, M1, work to end—1 st inc'd. Rep Inc Row 3 times more, end on WS—144 (144, 150, 153, 159, 162) sts.

Joining Row (RS): With RS facing, slip 140 (140, 146, 149, 155, 158) sts from waste yarn to beginning of circular needle. Join yarn and work these sts, then work remaining sts of back—288 (288, 300, 306, 318, 324) sts. Working 5 sts at beginning and end of rows in pattern as established and remaining sts in St st, work even until piece measures 11 (12, 13, 14, 15, 16)" from end of neck, end on WS. Bind off.

FINISHING

Fold piece in half widthwise. Sew cast-on edge together, leaving 8 (8, 8½, 9, 9½, 10)" open below fold (shoulder) for armhole. Repeat on bound-off edge. Weave in all ends and block as desired.
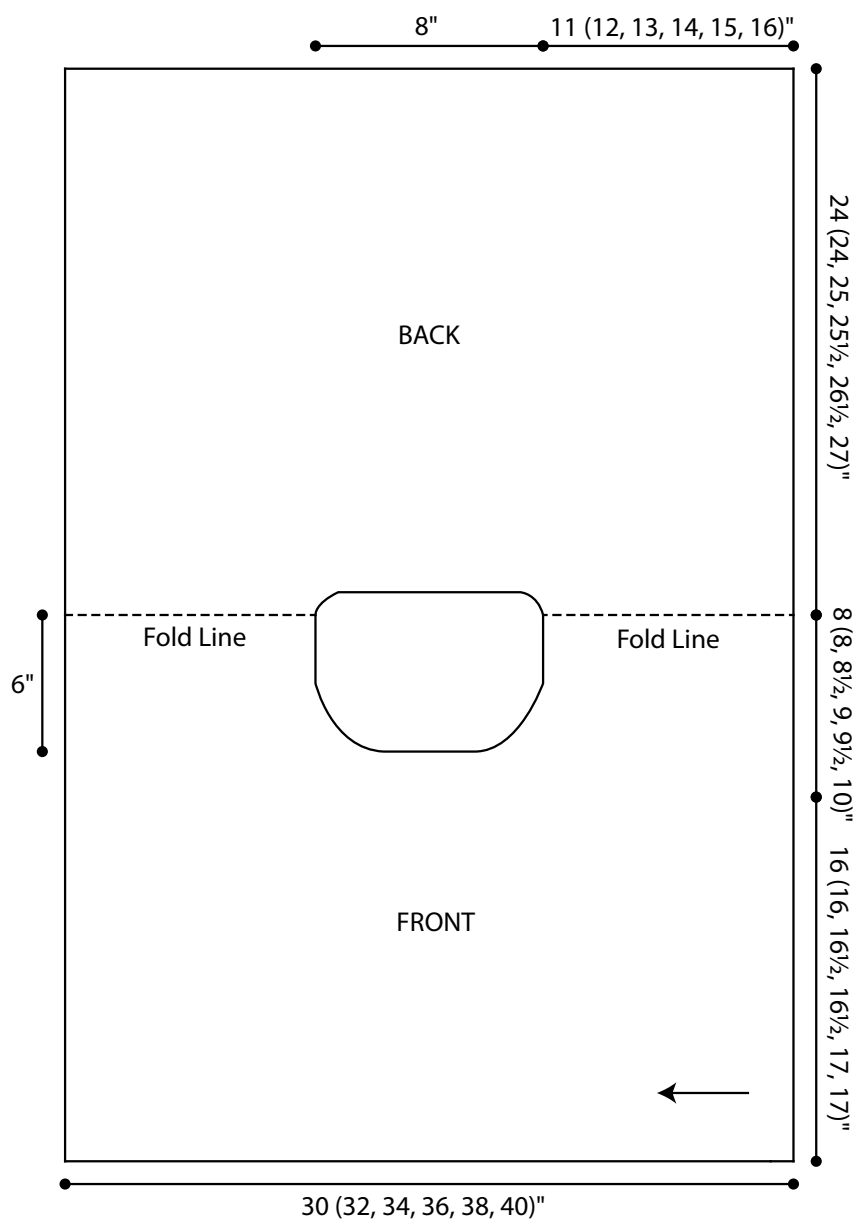
STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS

beg: beginning

CC: contrasting color

CDD: Centered Double Decrease—Slip 2 together (as if to k2tog), knit 1, pass the 2 slipped stitches over

cn: cable needle

dec: decrease

dpn(s): double pointed needle(s)

end on WS: end having just completed a Wrong Side row.

end on RS: end having just completed a Right Side row

Garter St: Knit EVERY row when working back and forth in rows. Knit 1 round, purl 1 round when working in the round.

inc: increase

k: knit

k tbl: knit through the back loop(s)

k2tog: knit 2 stitches together

k3tog: knit 3 stitches together

kfb: knit in the front and back of the next st

LH: left hand

LLI: Left Lifted Increase—Insert LH needle into the purl bump one row below the st just worked on the RH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

M1: Make 1—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1L: Make 1 Left—Work as for M1.

M1p: Make 1 purl—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1pL: Make 1 purl Left—Work as for M1p.

M1pR: Make 1 purl Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

M1R: Make 1 Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

MC: main color

p: purl

p tbl: purl through the back loop(s)

p2tog: purl 2 stitches together

p3tog: purl 3 stitches together

pat(s): pattern(s)

pm: place marker

psso: pass slipped stitch over knit stitch

rep: repeat

Rev St st: Reverse Stockinette Stitch—Purl 1 row, knit 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The purl side is the right side of the work. Purl EVERY round when working in the round.

RH: right hand

RLI: Right Lifted Increase—Insert RH needle into the purl bump of the next st on the LH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

rnd(s): round(s)

RS: right side

sl: slip

sm: slip marker

SSK: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 2 stitches and knit 2 together.

SSP: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, transfer these 2 stitches back to left hand needle, purl 2 together through the back loops.

SSSK: Slip 3 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 3 stitches and knit 3 together.

st(s): stitch(es)

St st: Stockinette Stitch—Knit 1 row, purl 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The knit side is the right side of work. Knit EVERY round when working in the round.

tbl: through back loop(s)

w&t: wrap and turn, a method of concealing a hole created in short row shaping. *On RS rows:* With yarn held in front, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the back. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. *On WS Rows:* With yarn held in back, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the front. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. Unless otherwise indicated, each time you come to a wrapped stitch when working subsequent rows, slip the wrap back over stitch and onto needle, then work the wrap together with its accompanying stitch.

WS: wrong side

wyib: with yarn in back

wyif: with yarn in front

yo: yarn over